

EVERGREEN STEEL CORPORATION
RULES AND PROCEDURES OF SHAREHOLDERS’
MEETING

Article 1

Shareholders’ Meeting of the Company (the “Meeting”) shall be conducted in accordance with these Rules and Procedures. Any matter not provided in these Rules and Procedures shall be handled in accordance with the Company Act and other relevant laws and regulations.

Article 2

Shareholders in these Rules refer to shareholders themselves, proxy solicitors or shareholders’ designated proxies attending the Meeting.

The number of representatives appointed by any juristic person shareholders attending the shareholders’ meeting shall not exceed the total number of the Company’s directors of the current term.

Any juristic person designated as proxy by shareholders to be present at the Meeting may appoint only one representative to attend the Meeting.

Article 2-1

Shareholders’ meetings with video conferencing referred to in these Rules are divided into the following two types:

1. Hybrid shareholders’ meetings: means the Company convenes a physical shareholders’ meeting with the assistance of video conferencing, and shareholders may choose to take part in the shareholders’ meeting physically or by means of video conferencing.
2. Virtual-only shareholders’ meetings: means the Company does not convene a physical shareholders’ meeting, and convenes the meeting only by video, and shareholders may attend the shareholders’ meeting only by means of video conferencing.

Article 3

Shareholders attending the Meeting shall bring an attendance card and identification document.

The attendance of the Meeting shall be calculated based on shares. The number of shares represented by shareholders attending the Meeting shall be calculated in

accordance with the attendance cards submitted by the shareholders, and the shares checked in on the video conferencing platform, plus the number of shares whose voting rights are exercised by electronically.

If a shareholders' meeting is held with video conferencing, shareholders who intent to attend the shareholders' meeting by video conferencing shall register with the Company at least two days prior to the shareholders' meeting date; other matters to be complied with shall be handled in accordance with the law and regulations.

The Company shall announce the number of non-voting shares, the number of shares in attendance and other relevant information.

Article 4

The Meeting shall be held at the head office of the Company or at any other appropriate place that is convenient for the shareholders to attend. The time to start the Meeting shall not be earlier than 9:00 a.m. or later than 3:00 p.m.

When the Company convenes a virtual-only shareholders' meeting, the restrictions on meeting place in the preceding paragraph shall not apply.

Article 5

Chairman shall call the Meeting to order at the time scheduled for the Meeting. If the number of shares represented by the shareholders present at the Meeting has not yet constituted the majority at the time scheduled for the Meeting, the chairman may postpone the Meeting. The postponements shall be limited to two times at the most and Meeting shall not be postponed for longer than one hour in the aggregate. After two postponements, if the number of shares represented by the shareholders present at the Meeting is still less than one-third of the total outstanding shares, the chairman shall declare the meeting adjourned.

In the event that the meeting has been postponed twice and the number of shares represented by the shareholders present reaches one-third of the total issued shares or more but falls short of a majority, the chairman may adjourn the meeting and then reconvene shareholders' meeting, or conduct a tentative resolution procedure in accordance with paragraph 1 of Article 175 of the Company Act. All shareholders shall be notified if such tentative resolutions were made, and another shareholders' meeting shall be convened within one month. In the event that a shareholders' meeting is held with video conferencing, shareholders intending to attend the meeting by video conferencing shall follow Article 3 to register with the Company again at least two days prior to the shareholders' meeting date.

If the chairman declares the meeting adjourned in accordance with the preceding two paragraphs and the shareholders' meeting is held with video conferencing, the Company shall declare the meeting adjourned on the shareholders' meeting video conferencing platform.

Before the end of the Meeting, if the number of shares represented by the shareholders present has constituted the majority, the chairman shall submit the tentative resolutions to the Meeting for review and approval in accordance with Article 174 of the Company Act.

Article 6

The Chairman of the Board of Directors shall be the chairman presiding at the Meeting in the case that the Meeting is convened by the Board of Directors.

If the Meeting is convened by any other person entitled to convene the Meeting, such person shall be the chairman to preside at the Meeting. If there are more than two persons convening the Meeting, they should select one person to be the chairman.

Article 7

The agenda of the Meeting shall be set by the Board of Directors if the Meeting is convened by the Board of Directors. Unless otherwise resolved at the Meeting, the Meeting shall proceed in accordance with the agenda.

The above provision applies mutatis mutandis to cases where the Meeting is convened by any person, other than the Board of Directors, entitled to convene such Meeting.

Unless otherwise resolved at the Meeting, the chairman cannot announce adjournment of the Meeting before all the items (including special motions) listed in the agenda are resolved. In the event that the Chairman adjourns the Meeting in violation of these Rules and Procedures, the shareholders may designate, by a majority of votes represented by shareholders attending the Meeting, one person as chairman to continue the Meeting. The shareholders cannot designate any other person as chairman and continue the Meeting in the same or other place after the Meeting is adjourned.

Article 7-1

In accordance with Article 172-1 of the Company Act, the shareholders who hold one percent (1%) or more of the total number of outstanding shares of the Company may submit proposal in written form for discussion at the annual general meeting of shareholders.

The proposals submitted by shareholders violating Article 172-1 of the Company Act shall not be included in the agenda of the Meeting and the minute of the Meeting, but the cause of exclusion of such proposals shall be listed in the appendix of the handbook for shareholders' meeting proceedings of the Company.

The shareholders' proposals complying with the Article 172-1 of the Company Act, which are classified into the same category of the proposal submitted by the Board of Directors, shall be deemed as the amendment of the proposal submitted by the Board of Directors, and the Chairman may combine them into one proposal to deal with.

Article 8

When a shareholder attending the Meeting wishes to speak, a Speech Note should be filled out with summary of the speech, the shareholder's number (or the number of the Attendance Card) and the name of the shareholder. The sequence of speeches by shareholders should be decided by the chairman.

If any shareholder presenting at the Meeting submits a Speech Note but does not speak, no speech should be deemed to have been made by such shareholder. In case the contents of the speech of a shareholder are inconsistent with the contents of the Speech Note, the contents of actual speech shall prevail.

Unless otherwise permitted by the chairman and the shareholder in speaking, no shareholder shall interrupt the speeches of the other shareholders; otherwise the chairman shall stop such interruption.

Article 9

If a juristic person shareholder designates two or more representatives to attend the Meeting, only one representative is entitled to speak for each item.

For shareholders' inquiries on reporting items listed in the agenda, the shareholders shall only speak after the chairman or his/her designated person completely reads out or reports all the reporting items. For all reporting items, each shareholder shall speak no more than twice and each speech shall not exceed 5 minutes, unless otherwise permitted by the chairman.

Unless otherwise permitted by the chairman, each shareholder shall not speak more than two times concerning each motion and each proposition shall not exceed 5 minutes with regard to each proposal listed in ratification and discussion items listed on the agenda, proposals collected during extraordinary motion procedure.

When a shareholder speaks with regard to non-proposal matters and expresses other opinions during the extraordinary motion session, unless otherwise permitted by the chairman, each shareholder shall not speak more than two times and each proposition shall not exceed 5 minutes.

In case the speech of any shareholder violates the proceeding four provisions, exceeds the scope of the discussion item, or disturbs the order of the meeting, the chairman is entitled to stop the speech of such shareholder.

Where a shareholders meeting is convened with video conferencing, shareholders attending the meeting by video conferencing may raise questions in writing on the video conferencing platform, from when the chairman calls meeting to order until the chairman declares the meeting adjourned. No more than two questions may be raised for all reporting items, each proposal for ratification and discussion, or extraordinary motion. Each question raised shall contain no more than 200 words; and the preceding Article and the preceding five paragraphs shall not apply.

Article 10

The Company may ask its lawyer, certified public accountant or related person to attend the Meeting.

After a shareholder speaks, chairman may answer the question personally or designate the related person to answer the question.

Article 11

Unless otherwise required by the Company Act or the Articles of Incorporation, a resolution of a shareholders' meeting shall be adopted by a majority of the votes represented by the Shareholders present at the Meeting.

Article 12

The resolution shall be voted on by casting ballots, and the chairman shall decide all voting (including the election votes) to be conducted separately or at the meantime.

The shareholders participating in a shareholders' meeting held with video conferencing shall, after the chairman calls the meeting to order, vote on all proposals and election proposals via the video conferencing platform; the voting shall be completed before the chairman announces the close of voting, and anyone exceeding the time limit shall be deemed to have abstained from voting.

If a shareholders' meeting is held with video conferencing, votes shall be counted at once after the chairman announces the close of the voting, and the results of

votes and elections shall be announced accordingly.

Article 13

If there is an amendment to or a substitute for a proposal of a discussion topic, the chairman shall decide the sequence of voting for the amendment or the substitute, together with the original proposal. If any one of them has been adopted, the others shall be deemed vetoed and no further voting is necessary.

Article 14

Where the chairman believes that the proposal discussed may be resolved, he/she may announce the ending of the discussion, propose that votes be made and arrange adequate voting time.

Article 15

While the Meeting is in progress, the chairman may, at his/her discretion, set times for intermission. If a force majeure event occurs, the chairman may rule the meeting temporarily suspended and announce a time when, in view of the circumstances, the meeting will be resumed.

Article 15-1

For a shareholders' meeting held by video conferencing, the Company shall announce the date of postponement or continuation of the shareholders' meeting, except where there is no need to postpone or resume the meeting under the laws and regulations. The date of the postponement or continuation meeting shall be within five days after the shareholders' meeting. The shareholders' meeting shall be postponed or resumed at another day under the circumstance that, before the chairman announces the adjournment of the meeting, if there are obstacles to the video conferencing platform or shareholders' video conference participation due to natural disasters, catastrophes, or other force majeure events, and such obstacles have lasted for more than 30 minutes and cannot be eliminated. The Article 182 of the Company Act shall not apply to the above situations.

If a postponement or continuation of shareholders' meeting prescribed in preceding paragraph occurs, shareholders who did not register to attend the originally scheduled shareholders' meeting by video conferencing shall not attend the postponed or resumed meeting.

For a meeting that is postponed or resumed in accordance with paragraph 1, if shareholders have registered to attend the originally scheduled shareholders' meeting by video conferencing and completed the sign-in procedure, but did not

attend the postponed or resumed meeting, the number of shares represented by said shareholder in the originally scheduled shareholders' meeting and the voting rights and election rights exercised by them shall all be included in the total numbers of the shares represented by the shareholders present as well as number of votes and number of election votes accrued at the postponed or resumed meeting.

For a shareholders' meeting that is postponed or resumed in accordance with paragraph 1, the proposals for which voting and vote counting have been completed, and resolution results and lists of elected directors have been announced, need not be discussed or resolved again.

For hybrid shareholders' meetings held by the Company, if the video conferencing cannot be continued due to the circumstances stated in paragraph 1, but, after deducting the number of shares represented by the shareholders present by video conferencing, the total number of shares represented by shareholders present still constitutes a quorum as required by a resolution of the shareholders' meeting, the shareholders' meeting shall continue, whereas the postponed or resumed meeting referred to in paragraph 1 is not required.

In the event that the shareholders' meeting shall continue as stipulated in the preceding paragraph, the number of shares represented by the shareholders participating in the shareholders' meeting by video conferencing shall be included in the total number of the shares represented by the shareholders present. However, with regard to all proposals for the shareholders' meeting in question, these shareholders shall be deemed to have abstained from voting.

Article 16

The election of directors at a shareholders' meeting shall be held in accordance with "Regulations for Electing Directors" of the Company.

Article 17

The personnel supervising and calculating the votes for the proposals shall be designated by the chairman, but the supervising personnel shall be a shareholder.

The result of the votes shall be announced on the spot and recorded.

If a shareholders' meeting is held with video conferencing, the Company shall announce the results of votes and elections after the vote counting procedure for all proposals and election proposals have been completed; and a record shall be made and uploaded to the shareholders' meeting video conferencing platform.

Article 18

The process of the meeting shall be fully recorded via audio or video recording, and retained for at least one (1) year. However, if any shareholder files a lawsuit pursuant to Article 189 of the Company Act, the audio or video recording shall be retained until the final conclusion of the lawsuit.

If a shareholders' meeting is held with video conferencing, the Company shall record and retain data including shareholders' registrations, registration for participation in video conferencing, sign-in, inquiries, and voting, as well as the Company's vote counting results, etc. In addition, the Company shall conduct uninterrupted audio and video recording throughout the entire video conferencing.

The Company shall properly retain the aforementioned data and audio/video recordings for the duration of the Company's existence, and shall provide these audio and video recordings to the entity engaged by the Company to handle video conferencing affairs for retention.

Article 19

Logistics staff and disciplinary personnel (including security guards) assisting the Meeting shall wear badge or armband for identification purpose.

The chairman may command the disciplinary personnel (or security guards) to help safeguard the order of the meeting site.

Shareholders who violate these Rules and Procedures and defy the chairman's correction, or obstruct the proceeding of the meeting and refuse to stop, the chairman may direct the disciplinary personnel (including security guards) to escort the shareholder off the meeting.

Article 20

These Rules and Procedures shall be effective from the date it is approved by the Shareholders' Meeting. The same applies in case of revision.

The History of "RULES AND PROCEDURES OF SHAREHOLDERS' MEETING"

These Rules and Procedures were enacted on March 26, 1997.

The 1st amendment was made on March 30, 1998.

The 2nd amendment was made on June 25, 2002.

The 3rd amendment was made on May 30, 2006.

The 4th amendment was made on May 22, 2012.

The 5th amendment was made on November 29, 2019.

The 6th amendment was made on July 23, 2021.

The 7th amendment was made on May 27, 2024.